1. Brief Summary of Bloc Sales of Agricultural Equipment in Greece

Since 1954 there has been a marked expansion of Bloc sales of agricultural equipment in Greece. Greek imports of Bloc farm equipment increased from \$67,000 in 1954 (1.4 percent of total agricultural machinery imports) to \$1.6 million in 1956 (about 21 percent of all Greek imports of farm machinery.)

In this current sales drive the Bloc is employing a variety of trade promotional techniques, including increased advertising in the local press and emphasis on exhibits of agricultural machinery at the annual Salonika Trade Fair. The Bloc countries are capitalizing upon their proximity to the market and ample production facilities for agricultural equipment which permit them to offer prompt delivery and lower prices than do Western producers. In addition, they provide liberal credit arrangements for prospective Greek buyers which local importers of western equipment cannot match. As a result of these factors Bloc agricultural equipment, particularly the Greehoslovak tractor, is presenting relatively strong competition for similar western products, and Bloc sales have increased sharply.

Csechoslovekia has spearheaded the Bloc sales drive and has become the major Bloc supplier of agricultural equipment to Greece. East Germany, Rumania, and the USSR have also increased sales to Greece and are following the familiar Bloc pattern of generous credit arrangements and low prices. The equipment of these other Bloc countries, however, is of inferior quality to Czechoslovak machinery, and the level of their sales is still relatively low. Csechoslovak Zetor tractors*, although met on a par with similar Western models, have proved to be popular with Greek farmers . The price for a fairly standard Setor 42 h.p. tractor is about \$2,600. A similar American tractor souts about \$5,000. Various reports indicate a price range of \$1,600 to \$2,900 for Csech tractors, depending on the model and number of attachments included. The lower end of the range, however, appears to represent prices deliberately out to effect sales. It appears that the Csech representatives are permitted to cut prices 20-40 percent from list if necessary to sell the equipment.

It is indicative of the seriousness of the Bloc sales drive that at least three Bloc suppliers—Czechoslovakia, Rumania, and the USER—have provided a mechanic force for the maintenance of equipment sold in Greece. In Salonika, Zetor has opened a large showroom and workshop staffed with Czech technicians. Mobile servising units for Czech equipment have been reported, but thus far none are known to be in operation.

In spite of obvious success, however, the Hioc sales campaign has not been without its difficulties. As noted earlier, the Greaks are quite aware of the poor quality of much of the Bloc

Sales of Bloc agricultural equipment can be expected to continue and may increase over former levels. The Greeks have valcound an expansion of trade with the Bloc as an outlet for agricultural commedities which do not have a ready market in the Free World. Under present trade agreements the Bloc is committed to purchase larger quantities of these items than before and will, therefore, be seeking exports to pay for them. In view of the sales success achieved thus far, agricultural machinery will probably be pushed as a means of accomplishing this objective. The semmercial attractiveness of this arrangement as well as the exportantly it provides for extending Bloc economic influence suggest that further expansion of such activities may be anticivated over the near-term.

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2. Statistical Tables

Table A

Oresk Imports of Bloe Agricultural Machinery
(000 \$88)

	1954	1955	1956
Bast Germany	63	193	261
Geechoslovakia	2	197	1,018
Remaris	-	4	127
USAR .	-	6	108
Rengery	-	41	47
Poland	2	55	1
Bulgaria			
Total Bloc	67	496	1,562
Total World	4,705	6,242	7,480
Bloe Persent of Total	1.4	7.9	20.9

Table B

Major Supplier of Agricultural Machinery to Greece in 1956 (000 \$05)

West Germany United States	2,760 1,243
United Kingdon Cuechoslovakia	1,142
Total	6,163
Total from all countries	7,480

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